



**UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE  
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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR		ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.
08/327,744	10/24/94	STONE	M	WJ00021

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UNITED TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION  
PATENT DEPARTMENT  
MS 524 00  
HARTFORD CT 06101

32M1/0610

GOODMAN, EXAMINER

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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3204

DATE MAILED:

06/10/96

**Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.**

**Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks**

# Office Action Summary

Application No.  
**08/327,744**

Applicant(s)  
**Stone et al**

Examiner  
**Charles Goodman**

Group Art Unit  
**3204**



☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on Mar 25, 1996

☒ This action is **FINAL**.

☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.

A shortened statutory period for response to this action is set to expire 3 month(s), or thirty days, whichever is longer, from the mailing date of this communication. Failure to respond within the period for response will cause the application to become abandoned. (35 U.S.C. § 133). Extensions of time may be obtained under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a).

## Disposition of Claims

☒ Claim(s) 1-8 is/are pending in the application.

Of the above, claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.

☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.

☒ Claim(s) 1-8 is/are rejected.

☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.

☐ Claims \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction or election requirement.

## Application Papers

☐ See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-948.

☐ The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to by the Examiner.

☒ The proposed drawing correction, filed on Mar 25, 1996 is ☒ approved ☐ disapproved.

☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.

☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

## Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

☐ Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d).

☐ All ☐ Some\* ☐ None of the CERTIFIED copies of the priority documents have been  
☐ received.

☐ received in Application No. (Series Code/Serial Number) \_\_\_\_\_.

☐ received in this national stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\*Certified copies not received: \_\_\_\_\_

☐ Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e).

## Attachment(s)

☐ Notice of References Cited, PTO-892

☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449, Paper No(s). \_\_\_\_\_

☐ Interview Summary, PTO-413

☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-948

☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application, PTO-152

--- SEE OFFICE ACTION ON THE FOLLOWING PAGES ---

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### **Part III DETAILED ACTION**

1. The Amendment filed on March 25, 1996 has been entered in part. It is noted that Applicant desired to change the term "energy" to --mass flow rate-- in pg. 5, lines 15-16, yet the term occurs more than once in the specified lines, and it is not clear whether all occurrences of the term "energy" (including prior pages) was to be changed.
2. The proposed drawing correction and/or the proposed substitute sheets of drawings, filed on March 25, 1996 have been approved.

#### *Specification*

3. The specification is objected to because it does not include certain reference signs shown in the drawings. 37 CFR § 1.84(p) states, "Reference signs not mentioned in the description shall not appear in the drawing and vice versa." The following reference signs are not mentioned in the description: "36A" (Fig. 2). Correction is required.
4. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. § 112:  
  
The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.  
  
The specification is objected to under 35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph, as the specification, as originally filed, does not provide support for the invention as is now claimed.

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There is no support in the originally filed specification for the reusability of the substrate after the honeycomb has been removed. This is new matter.

*Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112*

5. Claims 1-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph, for the reasons set forth in the objection to the specification.

*Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103*

6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. § 103 which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Subject matter developed by another person, which qualifies as prior art only under subsection (f) or (g) of section 102 of this title, shall not preclude patentability under this section where the subject matter and the claimed invention were, at the time the invention was made, owned by the same person or subject to an obligation of assignment to the same person.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. § 103, the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 C.F.R. § 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of potential 35 U.S.C. § 102(f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. § 103.

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7. Claims 1-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103 as being unpatentable over McComas and Peters et al (European Patent Application 207,069).

McComas teaches stripping a layer of material from a substrate. Peters et al teaches that it is well known to cut honeycomb material using a water jet. In view of McComas and Peters et al, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to remove honeycomb and braze from a substrate using a water jet in order to facilitate ease of removal. Regarding the reusable functional recitation, McComas's method inherently allows for reuse of the substrate.

*Response to Amendment*

8. Applicant's arguments filed on March 25, 1996 have been fully considered but they are not deemed to be persuasive.

In response to Applicant's argument that there is no suggestion to combine the references, the Examiner recognizes that references cannot be arbitrarily combined and that there must be some reason why one skilled in the art would be motivated to make the proposed combination of primary and secondary references. In re Nomiya, 184 USPQ 607 (CCPA 1975). However, there is no requirement that a motivation to make the modification be expressly articulated. The test for combining references is what the combination of disclosures taken as a whole would suggest to one of ordinary skill in the art. In re McLaughlin, 170 USPQ 209 (CCPA 1971). References are evaluated by what they suggest

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to one versed in the art, rather than by their specific disclosures. In re Bozek, 163 USPQ 545 (CCPA) 1969. In this case, McComas teaches removal of an unwanted layer of material from a substrate by using high pressure liquid and Peters et al teaches cutting a honeycomb structure by liquid spray, cutting as being a method of removal. Since Peters et al teaches it is old and well known in the art to utilize high pressure liquid in cutting processes for honeycomb structures, it would have been obvious to remove a layer (in this instance the honeycomb structure) from a substrate as taught by McComas. Therefore, the rejections based on the teachings of both references are still deemed proper.

*Conclusion*

9. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 C.F.R. § 1.136(a).

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RESPONSE TO THIS FINAL ACTION IS SET TO EXPIRE THREE MONTHS FROM THE DATE OF THIS ACTION. IN THE EVENT A FIRST RESPONSE IS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS FINAL ACTION AND THE ADVISORY ACTION IS NOT MAILED UNTIL AFTER THE END OF THE THREE-MONTH SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD, THEN THE SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD WILL EXPIRE ON THE DATE THE ADVISORY ACTION IS MAILED, AND ANY EXTENSION FEE PURSUANT TO 37 C.F.R. § 1.136(a) WILL BE CALCULATED FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THE ADVISORY ACTION. IN NO EVENT WILL THE STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RESPONSE EXPIRE LATER THAN SIX MONTHS FROM THE DATE OF THIS FINAL ACTION.

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10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Charles Goodman whose telephone number is (703) 308-0501.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1148.

CG

June 3, 1996



RINALDI I. RADA  
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER  
GROUP 3200